International Conference on Ecology, Environment and Sustainable Development of Silk Road Economic Zone 15-16 June 2014 r., Beijing, China

Regional Climate Change in Central Asia in 21st Century

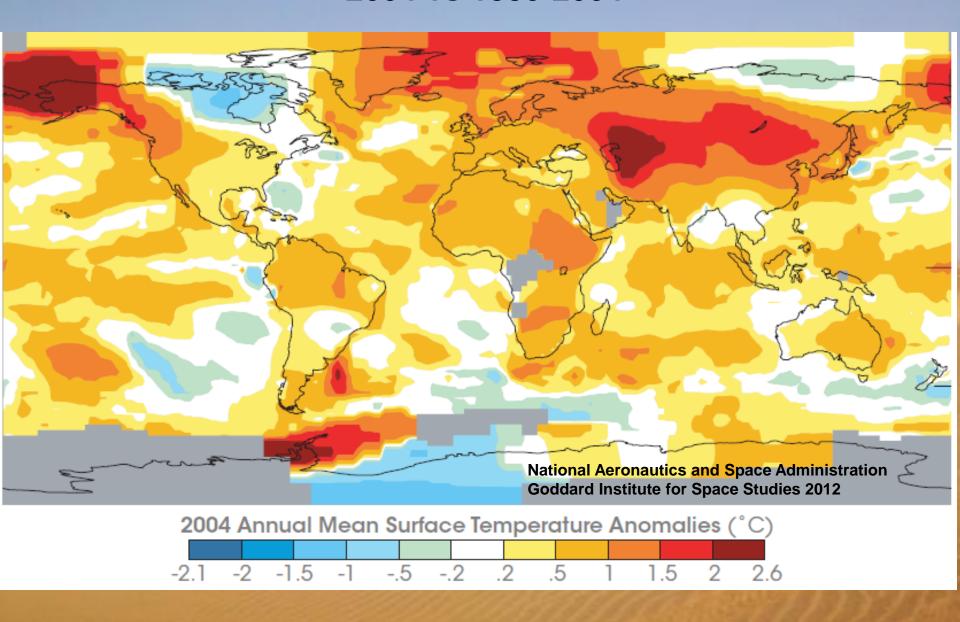
Prof. Andrey G. Kostianoy

P.P. Shirshov Institute of Oceanology, Russian Academy of Sciences
Moscow, Russia

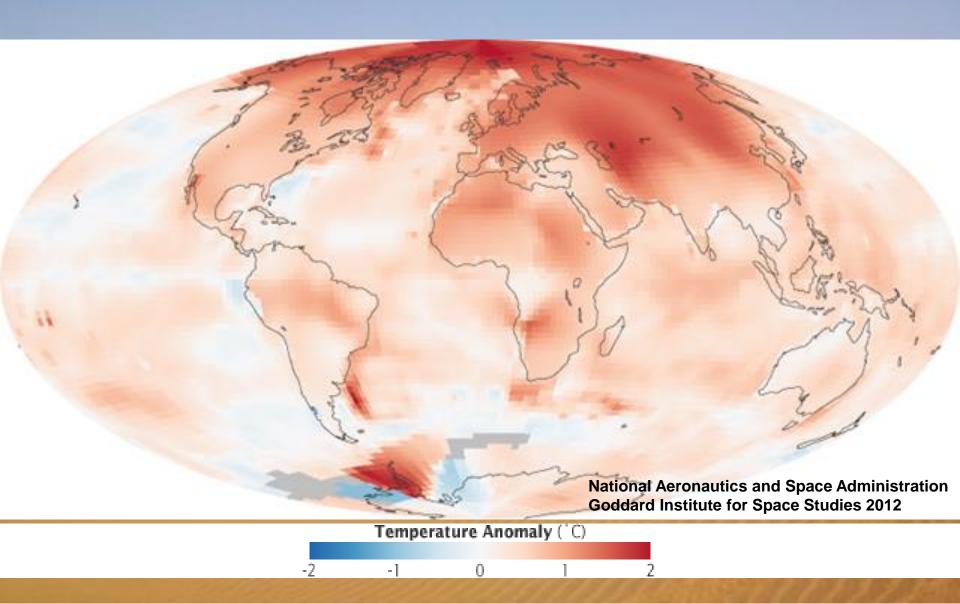
Lead Author, IPCC AR5

E-mail: kostianoy@gmail.com

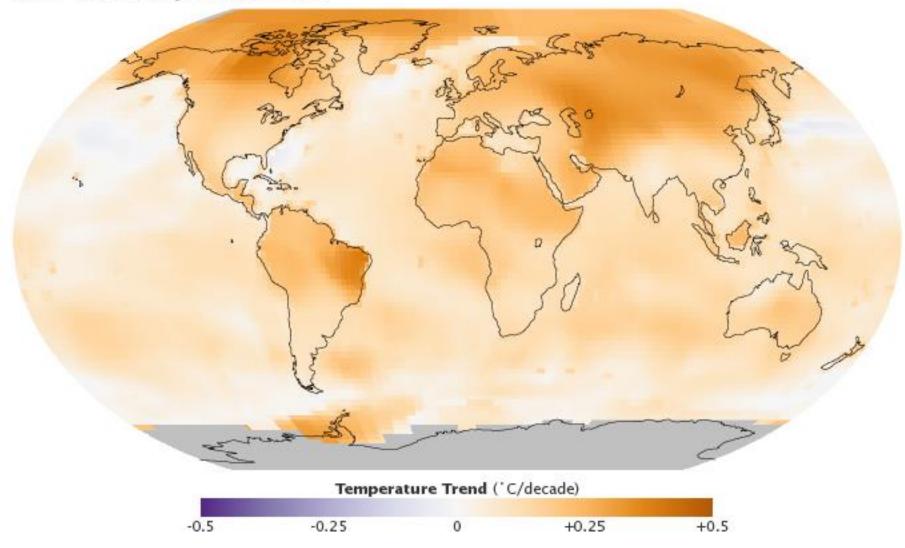
ANNUAL MEAN SURFACE TEMPERATURE ANOMALY 2004 vs 1880-2004



ANNUAL MEAN SURFACE TEMPERATURE ANOMALY 2000-2009 vs 1951-1980



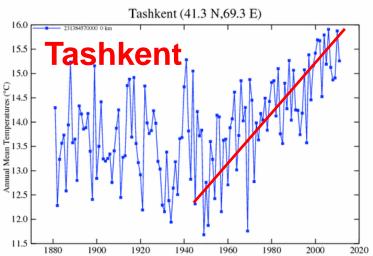
1950-2013 Temperature Trend



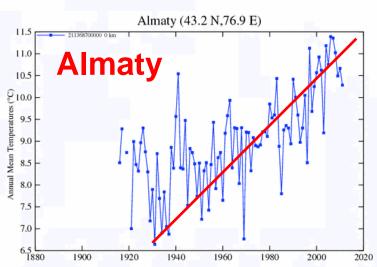
Скорость роста температуры поверхности Земли за период с 1950 по 2013 г. (С/10 лет) по данным НАСА (NASA Earth Observatory, 2014).

ANNUAL MEAN TEMPERATURE IN CA CAPITALS (1881-2011)

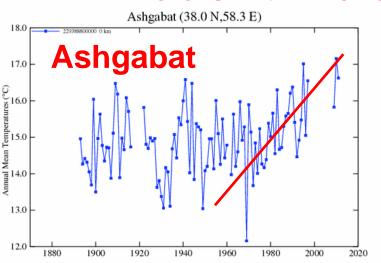




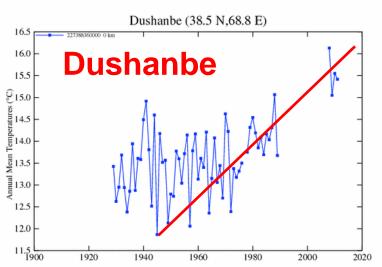
+3.0 C from 1950



+3.0 C from 1970



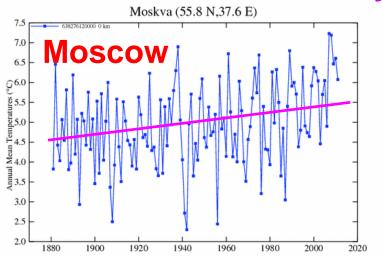
+3.0 C from 1965



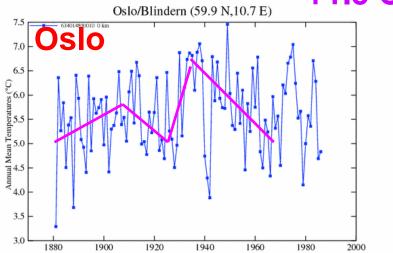
National Aeronautics and Space Administration Goddard Institute for Space Studies 2012

ANNUAL MEAN TEMPERATURE (1881-2011)



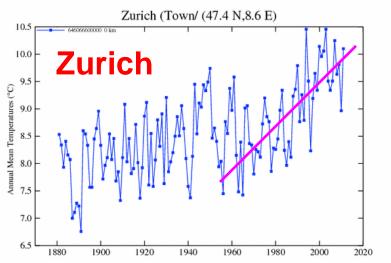


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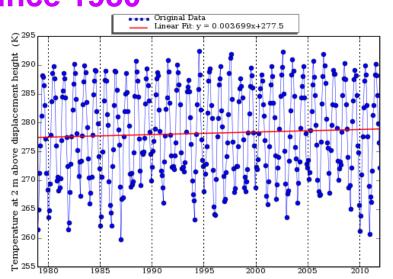


National Aeronautics and Space Administration Goddard Institute for Space Studies 2012

+1.5 C since 1960

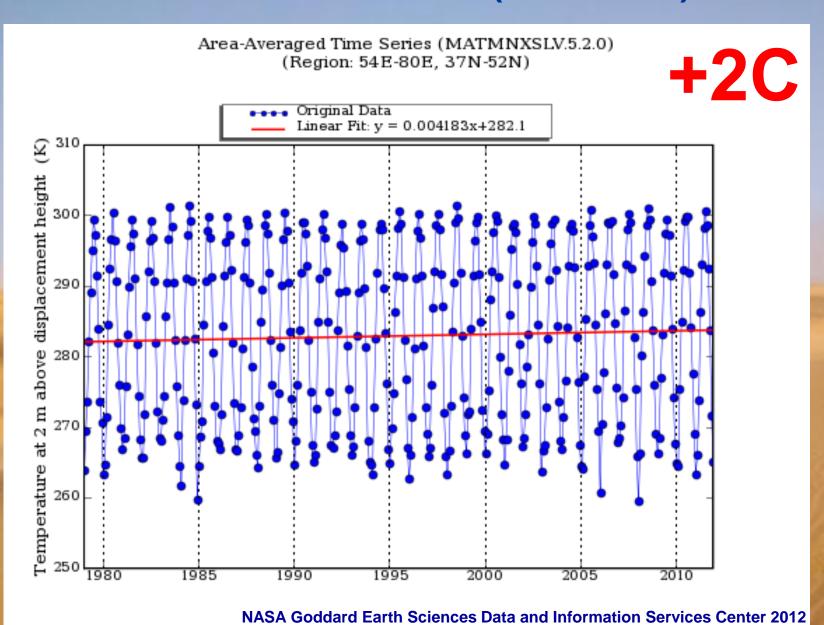


+1.5 C since 1980 (Region: 10E-11E, 59N-60N)

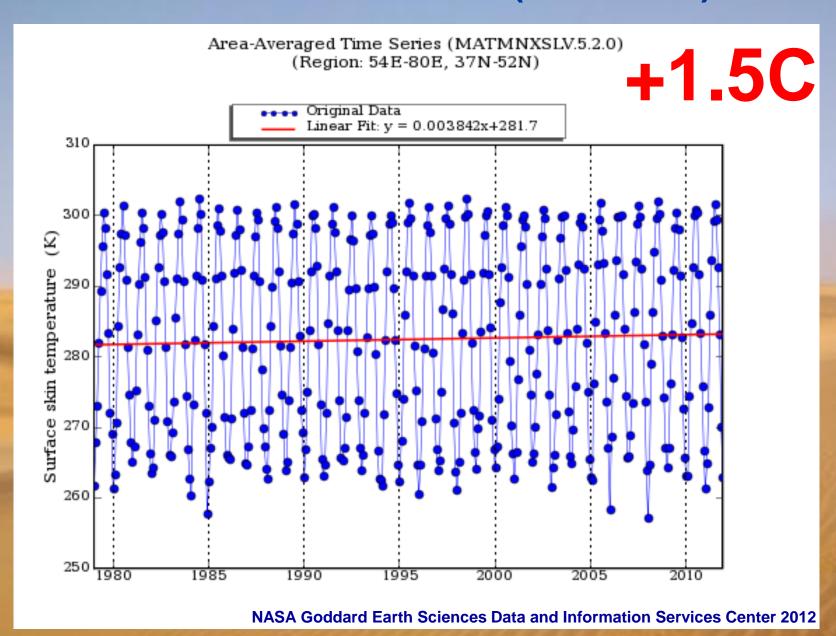




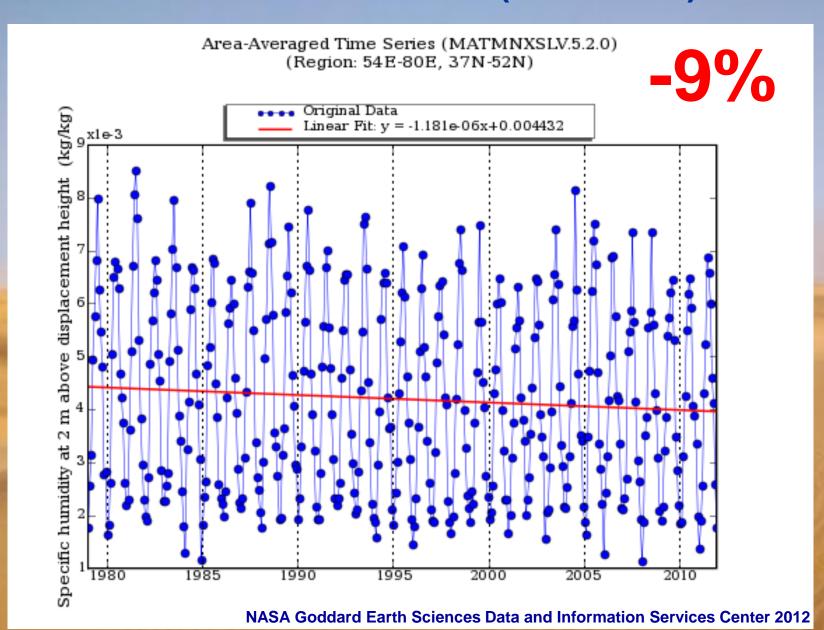
AIR TEMPERATURE (1979-2011)



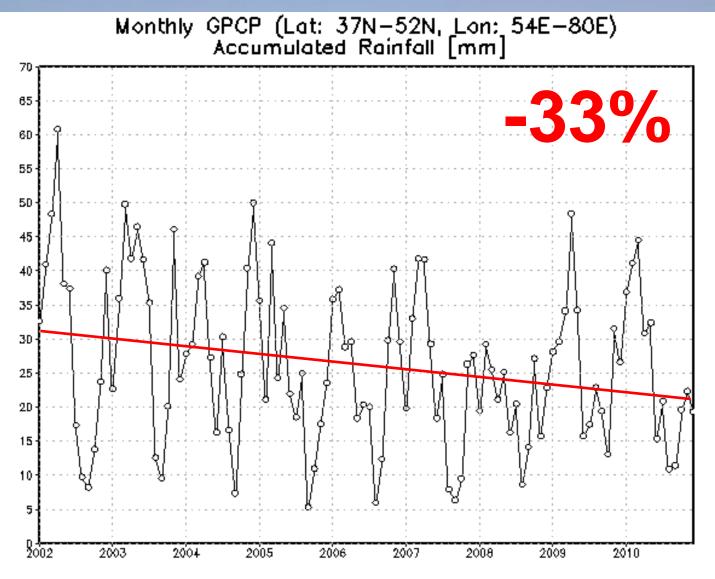
SOIL TEMPERATURE (1979-2011)



SPECIFIC HUMIDITY (1979-2011)



ACCUMULATED RAINFALL (2002-2010)



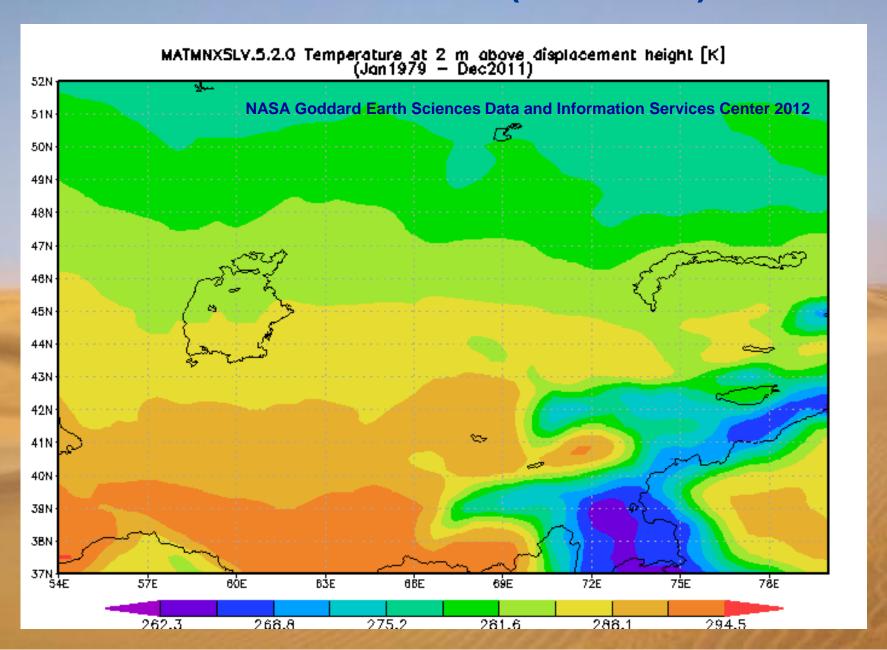
GrADS: COLA/IGES

NASA Goddard Earth Sciences Data and Information Services Center 2012

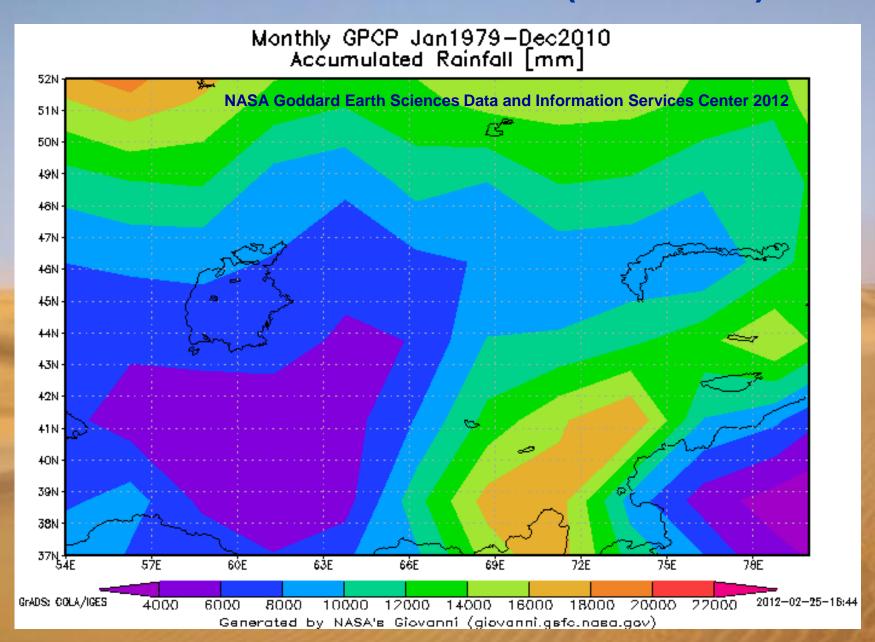
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Generated by NASA's Giovanni (giovanni.gsfc.nasa.gov)

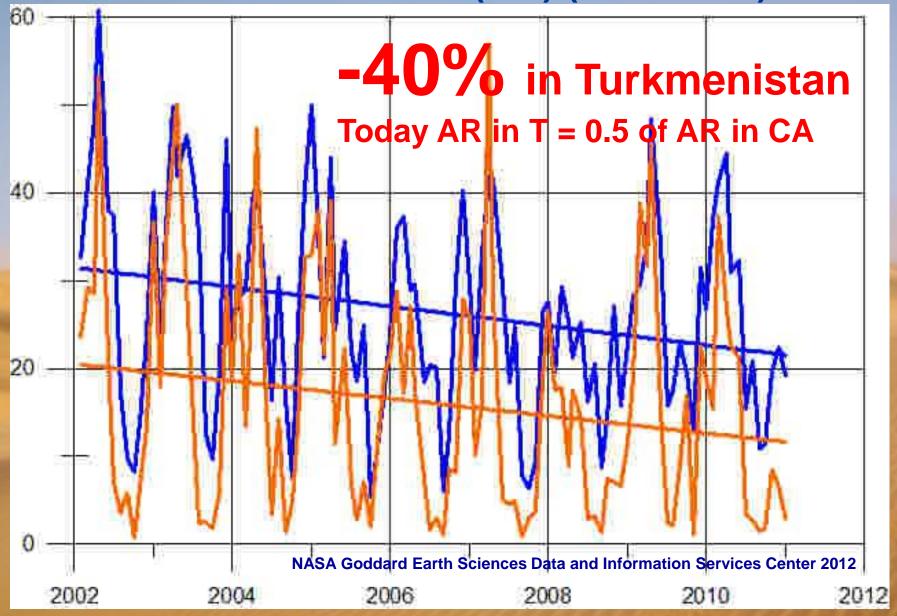
AIR TEMPERATURE (1979-2011)

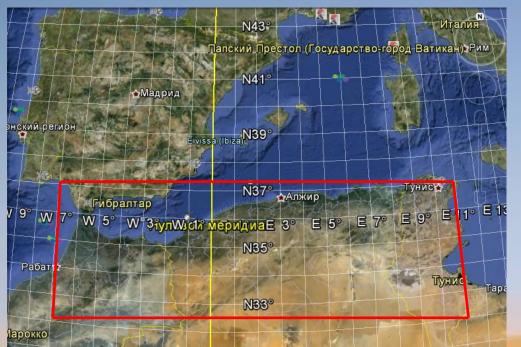


ACCUMULATED RAINFALL (1979-2010)

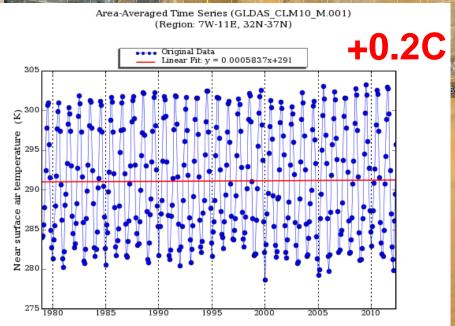


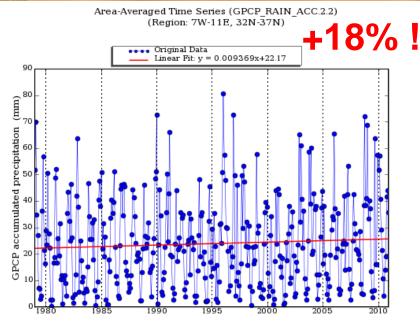
Accumulated Rainfall (mm) in Central Asia (blue) and Turkmenistan (red) (2002-2010)





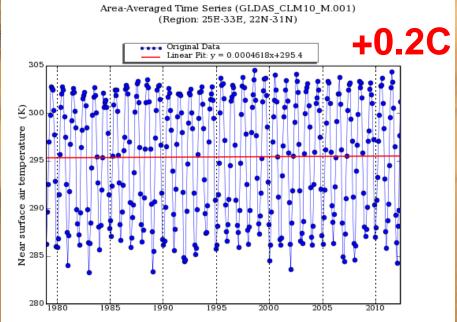
AIR TEMPERATURE AND ACCUMULATED PRECIPITATION IN NW AFRICA (1979-2011)

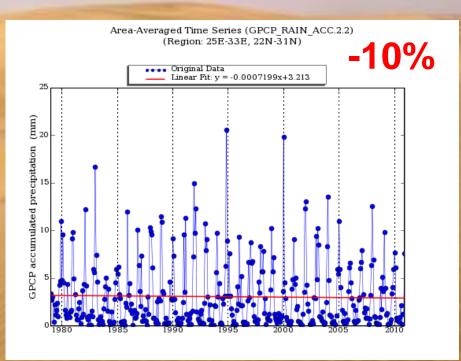




N27° EMMET E31 E 23° E 25° N25° Тропик Рака

AIR TEMPERATURE AND ACCUMULATED PRECIPITATION IN EGYPT (1979-2011)



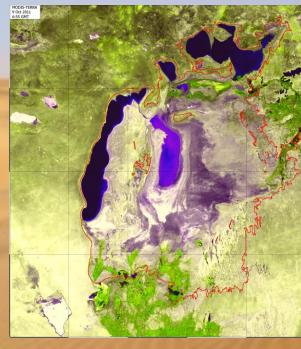


POTENTIAL IMPACTS of REGIONAL CLIMATE CHANGE and CONSEQUENCES for CENTRAL ASIA

- 1. Increase in air and soil temperature (IPCC-2007: +1.6-7.4 C by 2050)
- 2. Decrease in precipitation (IPCC-2007: -3% by 2100) and humidity
- 3. Increase in evaporation and aridity
- 4. Land degradation, desertification and salinization of soils
- 5. Increase in frequency of extreme weather events (draughts, floods, frosts, very high/low air temperature, dust/salt storms)
- Chiff of cooperature, dust/sait
- 6. Shift of seasons



- 2. Agriculture
- 3. Ecosystems
- 4. Food security
- 5. Human health
- 6. Water, economic, social and political conflicts
- 7. Risks for sustainable development
- 8. Turkmenistan, western parts of Kazakhstan and Uzbekistan are and will be under the largest stress



Environmental/climate migrants/refugees

A. Kostianov A. Kosarev **OUR BOOKS ON CENTRAL** The **ASIA ENVIRONMENT** I. Zonn **Caspian Sea PUBLISHED IN SPRINGER IN** M. Glantz **Environment** A. Kostianoy 2005-2013 A. Kosarev THE HANDBOOK OF 07 **ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY** The Caspian Sea Encyclopedia I. Zonn M. Glantz Volume Editors Andrey G. Kostianoy A. Kostianoy Aleksey N. Kosarev A. Kosarev The Aral Sea **Environment** 🙆 Springer The Aral Sea Encyclopedia

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The Turkmen Lake Altyn Asyr and Water Resources in Turkmenistan



Thank you for your attention

